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STAMPS: Issued in Compliance with Order issued November 21, 2011 in Case No. 11-E-0321.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

53. STANDARDIZED INTERCONNECTION REQUIREMENTS AND APPLICATION PROCESS FOR NEW DISTRIBUTED GENERATORS 2 MW OR LESS CONNECTED IN PARALLEL TO UTILITY DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS (Continued)

The following Table summarizes the New York Net Metering Rules

New York (PSL §66-j) - Net Metering*						
Incentive Type:	Net Metering Rules					
Eligible Renewable/Other Technologies:	Solar		Biogas	Micro CHP / Fuel Cell		
Applicable Sectors:	Residential	Non- Residential	Farm-Waste	Residential		
Limit on System Size:	25 kW	Up to 2 MW	1 MW	10 kW		
Remote Net Metering**	No	Yes	Yes	No		
Limit on Overall Enrollment:	1% of 2005 Demand per IOU for Solar, Biogas, Micro CHP, and Fuel Cells combined					

New York (PSL §66-l) - Net Metering*						
Incentive Type:	Net Metering Rules					
Eligible Renewable/Other Technologies:	Wind					
Applicable Sectors:	Residential	Non- Residential	Farm-Service Wind			
Limit on System Size:	25 kW	Up to 2 MW	500 kW			
Remote Net Metering**	No	Yes	Yes			
Limit on Overall Enrollment:	.3% of 2005 Demand per IOU					

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to specific utility tariff leaves for more detailed rules and regulations applicable to net metering.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Per the Public Service Law (PSL) §66-j & 66-l, Remote Net Metering allows non-residential solar photovoltaic, farm waste, farm wind, and non-residential wind customers, to apply excess generation credits from the customer's generator to certain other meters on property that is owned or leased by the same customer.