

PSC NO: 119 ELECTRICITY
NEW YORK STATE ELECTRIC & GAS CORPORATION
Initial Effective Date: 09/01/03

Leaf: 13
Revision: 0
Superseding Revision:

GENERAL INFORMATION

2. How Service May Be Obtained: (Cont'd.)

B. Extension of Facilities (Cont'd.)

(5) Overhead Allowances for Provision of Service:

- (a) Allowance for Residential Overhead Service: Where permitted to provide residential overhead service, the cost and expense which the Corporation must bear shall include the material and installation costs for up to 500 feet of single phase, or 300 feet of three phase, overhead distribution line, measured from the Corporation's existing overhead distribution system, and up to 100 feet of service line.
- (b) Allowance for Non-Residential Overhead Service: Where permitted to provide non-residential overhead service, the cost and expense which the Corporation must bear shall include the material and installation costs for up to 500 feet of single phase, or 300 feet of three phase, overhead distribution line measured from the Corporation's existing overhead distribution system.
- (c) Allowance for a Combination of Overhead and Underground Service: The maximum cost and expense the Corporation must bear for residential or non-residential extensions shall include the material and installation costs equivalent to those allowances contained in 2.B.(5)(a) or 2.B.(5)(b), respectively.

(6) Underground Allowances for Provision of Service:

(a) Allowance for Required Residential Underground Service:

Where the Corporation is required, by the Commission or a governmental authority having jurisdiction to do so, to provide residential underground service, the cost and expense which the Corporation must bear, except as otherwise provided in this tariff, shall include all costs for up to a total equivalent of 100 feet of underground electric facilities (including supply line, distribution line, and service line) per dwelling unit served, measured from the Corporation's existing overhead electric system (from the connection point on the bottom of the riser pole for overhead to underground connections) to each applicant's meter or point of attachment with respect to each residential building. Where the application is for service to a multiple occupancy building, the Corporation shall bear the material and installation cost for up to 100 feet of underground line times the average number of residential dwelling units per floor.

If an application for underground residential service outside a subdivision is received, and a governmental authority having jurisdiction to do so has required that the facilities be installed underground, the Corporation may, if the per-foot cost of installing the necessary facilities will be greater than two times the charge per foot, as stated in 2.C.(10), petition the Secretary of the Commission to allow a greater contribution to the cost of installation of the facilities than this tariff would otherwise allow, or set up a special rate district.

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