

PSC No: 120 - Electricity
New York State Electric and Gas Corporation
Initial Effective Date: December 1, 2003

Leaf No. 42
Revision: 0
Superseding Revision:

GENERAL INFORMATION

14. Competitive Metering Option: (Cont'd.)

(b) Customer Qualification

Qualified Customers whose entire or partial load is served under any of NYSEG's economic development incentive rates (BRI, ERI, III, EDI, EDZI or SBGI) and who select the Competitive Metering Option must elect the Competitive Metering Option on their entire load. Similarly, Qualified Customers who receive a portion of their Electric Power Supply from NYPA (Expansion, EDP, HLFM, and PFJ) and who select the Competitive Metering Option must elect the Competitive Metering Option on their entire load.

Customers whose entire load is served under NYSEG's S.C. 13 or S.C. 14 contracts may be eligible for the Competitive Metering Option after their contracts expire, unless their contracts with NYSEG permit such customer to become eligible earlier.

If a Qualified Customer chooses the Competitive Metering Option, such customer must take all MSP- and MDSP-type services as one package. Such a customer cannot choose only MSP services or only MDSP services.

(c) Competitive Metering Credit (CMC)

Qualified Customers who obtain competitive metering services from an MSP/MDSP which has met the PSC's eligibility requirements for competitive metering will receive a credit as set forth in Section 2 of the Competitive Metering Addendum-MET or superseding issues thereof.

In no event will the amount of the customer bill be less than zero after the CMC is applied. Should NYSEG determine, in any particular case, that it is not recovering its incremental costs (plus a contribution to common costs, as set forth in PSL Section 66.12-b(a)), to provide service to a load receiving a CMC during any billing period, NYSEG will petition the Commission, including appropriate justification, for permission to adjust such customer's bill.

ISSUED BY: James A. Lahtinen, Vice President Rates and Regulatory Economics, Binghamton, New York